

Application of evolutionary computation to the advanced  
image processing

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# Outlines:

**Problem statement**



**Curse of Dimensionality**



**Steganography VS Steganalysis**



**Preliminaries of Evolutionary algorithms**



**Stegnalaysis Examples IFAB and RISAB**



**Summary**



# High-Dimensional Data



## Multimedia

- High-resolution images; High-resolution videos
- Data from multiple sensors

## Bioinformatics

- Expressions of genes
- Neurons

## Social networks

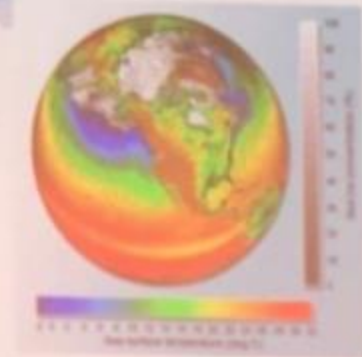
- Tweets/likes/friendships
- Other interactions

## Weather and climate

- Multiple measurements (e.g., temperature)
- Time series data

## Finance

- Stock markets
- Time series data



**Steganalysis Started getting important ...**

**September 11 2001**



# Work to be discussed

**IFAB**

[Image steganalysis using a bee colony based feature selection algorithm](#)

[FG Mohammadi, MS Abadeh - Engineering Applications of Artificial ...](#), 2014 - Elsevier

Feature selection is one of the most significant phases of pre-analysis processing, which can influence the performance of steganalysis. In this paper, we have proposed a new feature-based blind steganalysis method for detecting stego images from the cover images in JPEG images using a feature selection technique based on artificial bee colony (IFAB). Most usual techniques for feature selection are wrapper methods and filter methods which IFAB is one of the wrapper based feature selection methods. Artificial bee colony (ABC) algorithm is ...

☆ 99 Cited by 72 Related articles All 3 versions Web of Science: 42

[View It @ UGA](#)

**RISAB**

[Region based image steganalysis using artificial bee colony](#)

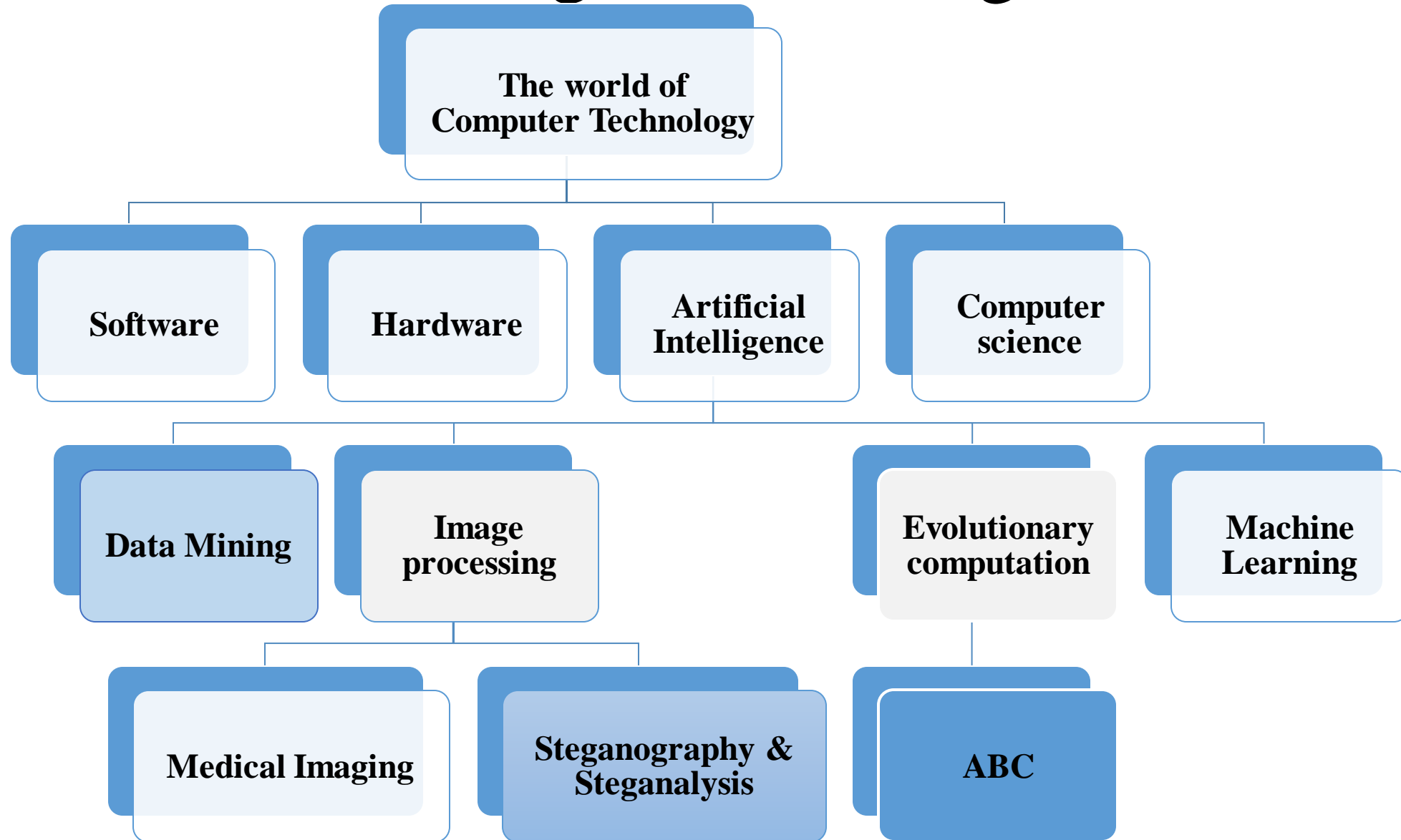
[FG Mohammadi, H Sajedi - Journal of Visual Communication and Image ...](#), 2017 - Elsevier

Steganalysis is the art and skill of discriminating stego images from cover images. Image steganalysis algorithms can be divided into two broad categories, specific and universal. In this paper, a novel universal image steganalysis algorithm is proposed which is called RISAB, Region based Image Steganalysis using Artificial Bee colony. The goal of the proposed method is to realize a sub-image from stego and cover images through ABC with respect to density according to the cover, stego and difference images. In our method, we ...

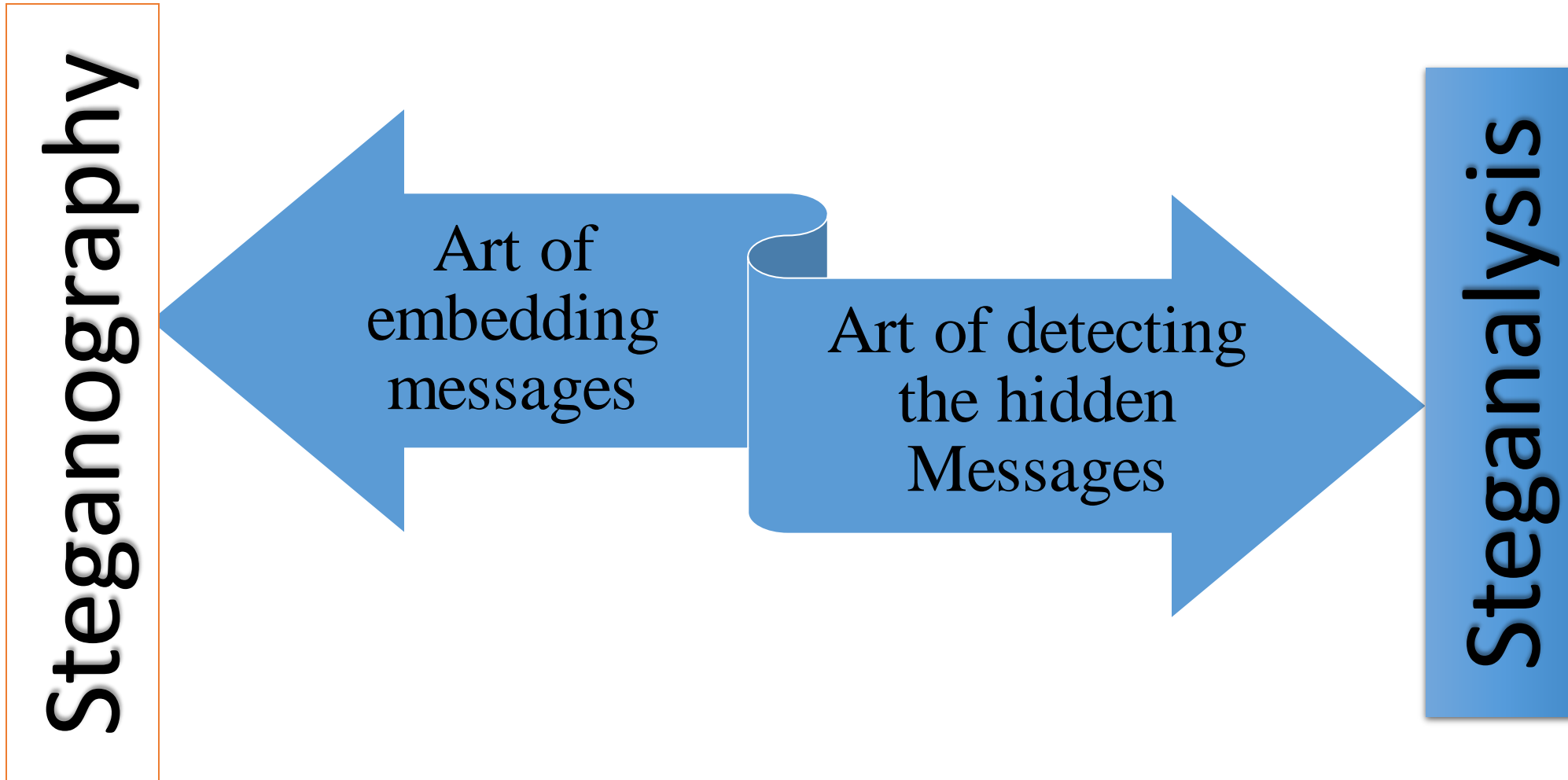
☆ 99 Cited by 12 Related articles All 2 versions Web of Science: 5

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# Introduction to Image Processing



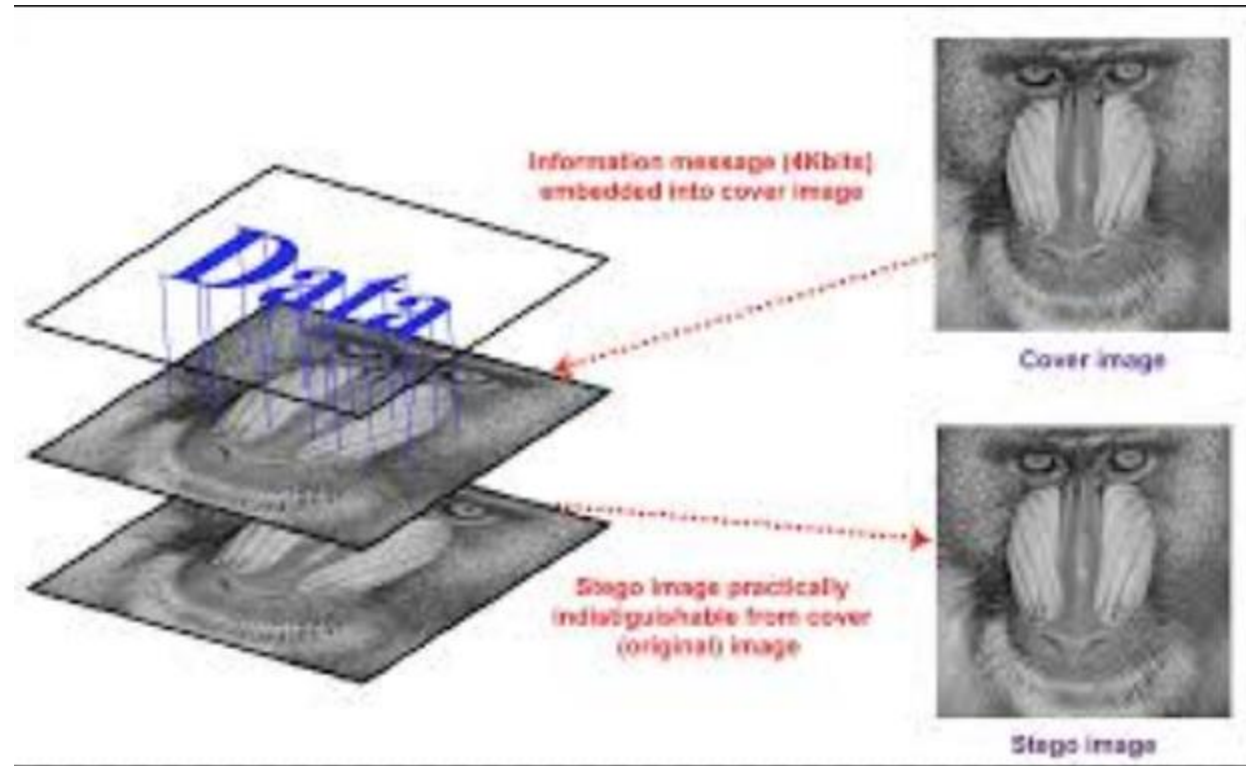
Very Quick Shot





# Image Processing

## Steganography VS Steganalysis





# Steganography



Original Image



Watermarked Image

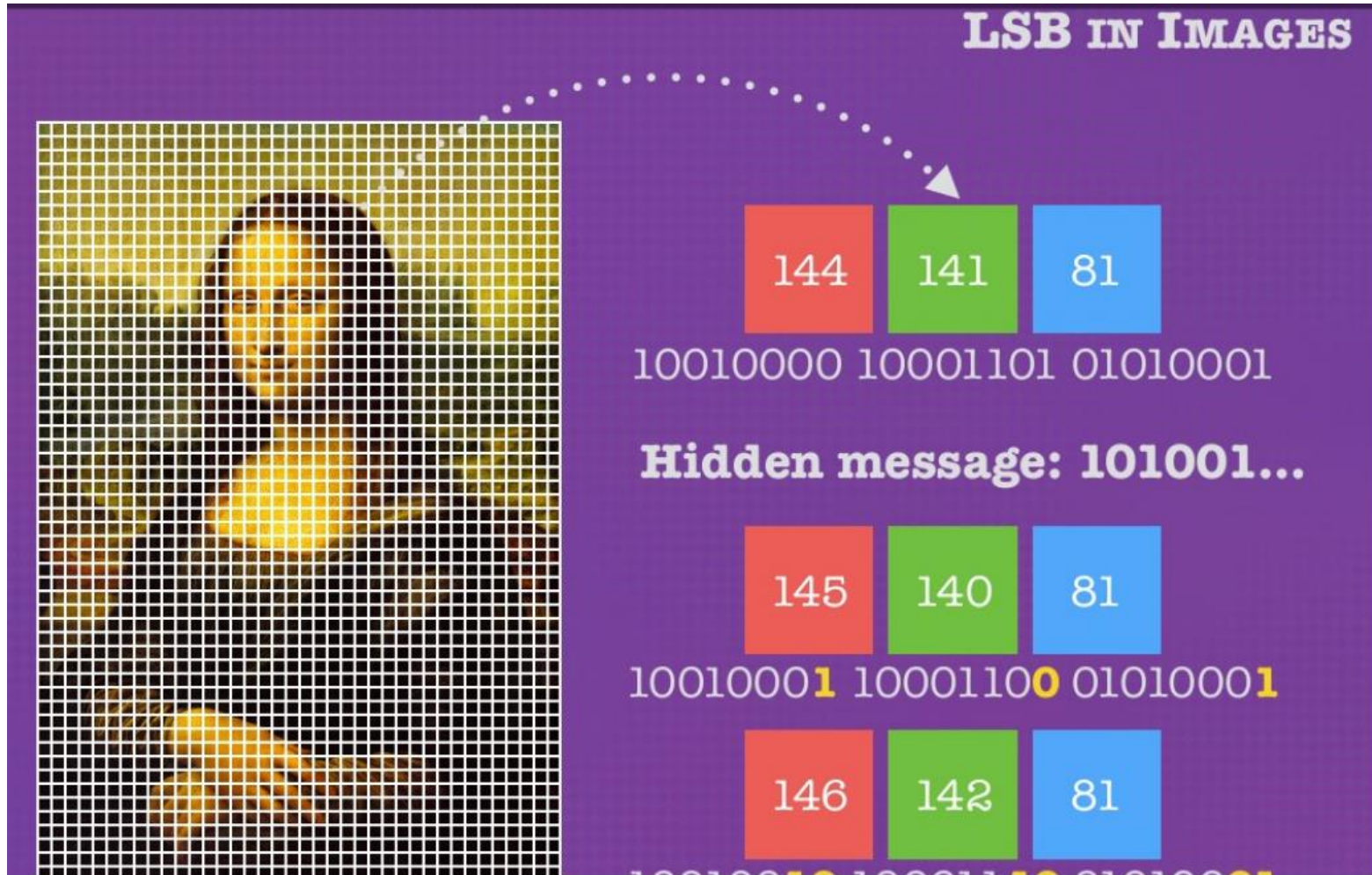
ry

Security level

# Stego VS Cover



# Image Processing Steganography VS Steganalysis



**Triple Channel Image**

- RGB
- HSV

**One Channel Image**

- Binary
- Gray

**(0-255)**



# General Steganography

My friend Bob,

until yesterday I was using binoculars for stargazing. Today, I decided to try my new telescope. The galaxies in Leo and Ursa Major were unbelievable! Next, I plan to check out some nebulas and then prepare to take a few snapshots of the new comet. Although I am satisfied with the telescope, I think I need to purchase light pollution filters to block the xenon lights from a nearby highway to improve the quality of my pictures.

Cheers,  
Alice.

MfBuylwubfsTldttmntTgiLaUMwuNlptcosnatpptaafs  
otcAlaswttltIntplpftbtXlfanhtitqompCA

$\pi = 3.14159265589793...$

BuubdlupnpsspX

Attack Tomorrow



Cover Message

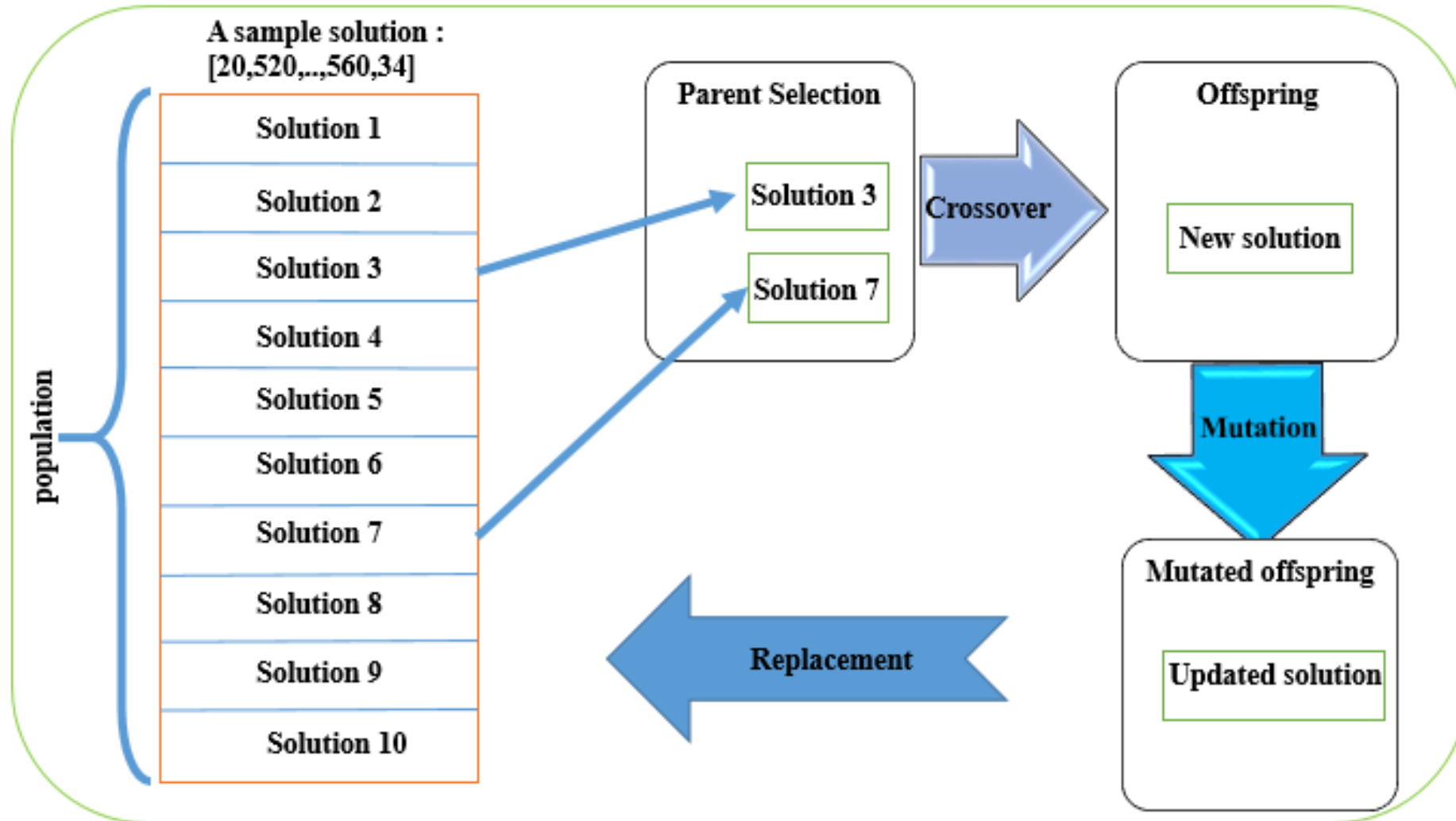
Message

Secret Key

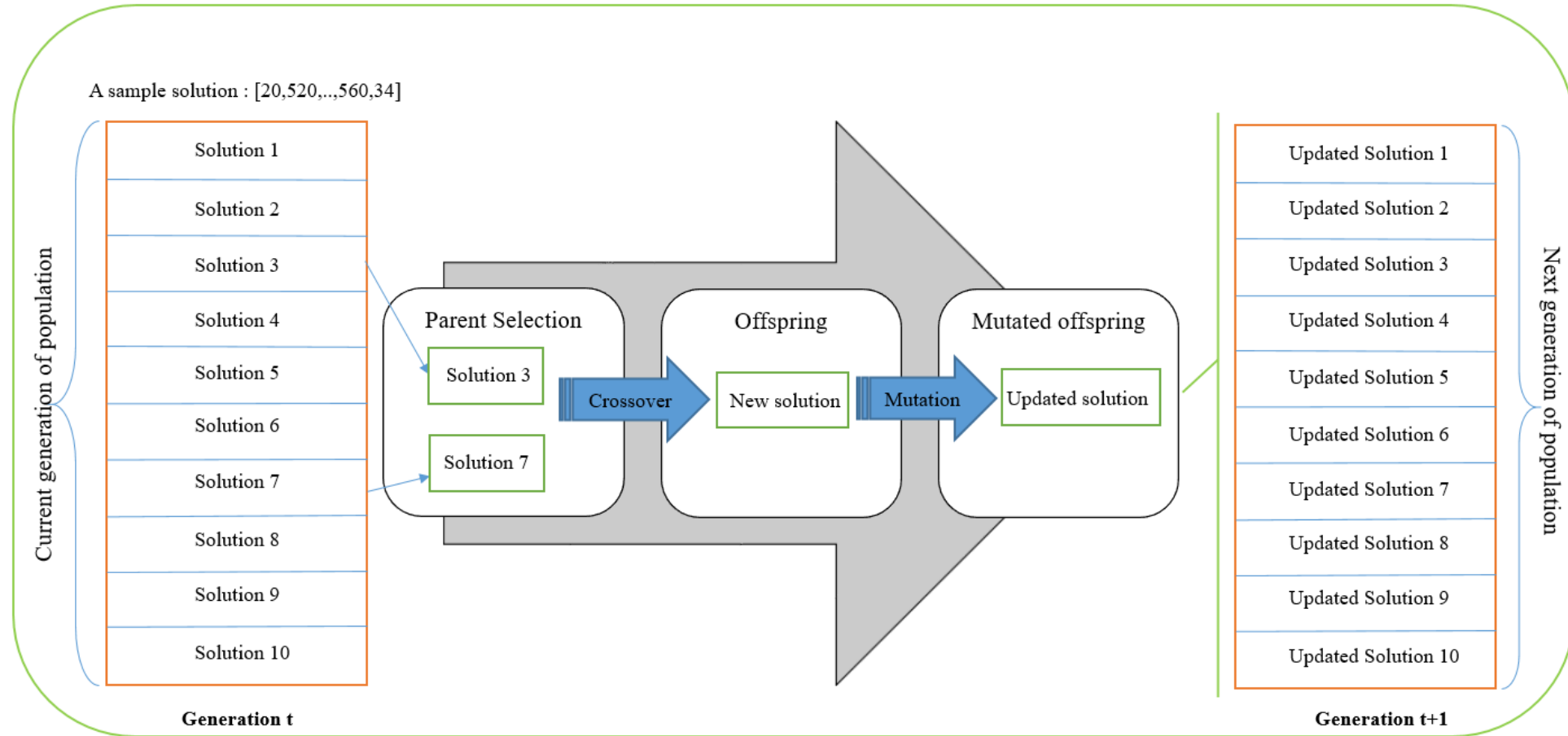
Yes

Secret Key

# Preliminaries of Evolutionary algorithms



# Preliminaries of Evolutionary algorithms



# Preliminaries of Evolutionary algorithms

Cross over: regular  
combination  
through all  
generation

Mutation:  
Random updating  
solution, after  
crossover



# Reproduction



**Genome:** *ATTGCGCCATGAT*



*ATTAAACCATAGT*

**Crossover:**

<i>ATTG</i>	<i>CGCCATGAT</i>
<i>ATTA</i>	<i>AACCATAGT</i>
<hr/>	
<i>ATTG</i>	<i>AACCATAGT</i>

**Mutation:**

<i>ATTGAA</i>	<i>C</i>	<i>CATAGT</i>
<i>ATTGAA</i>	<i>G</i>	<i>CATAGT</i>



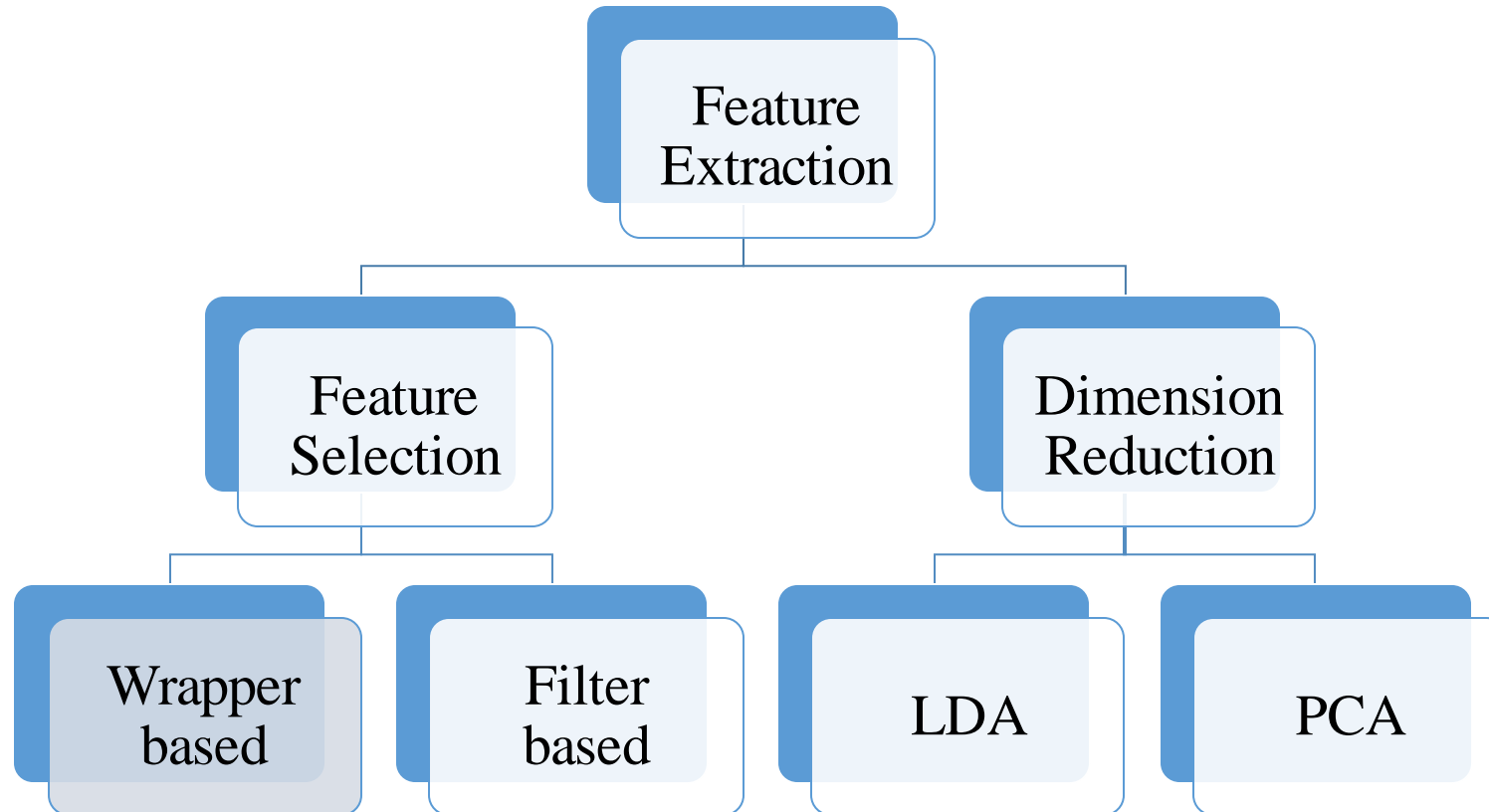
# Why Evolutionary algorithms?



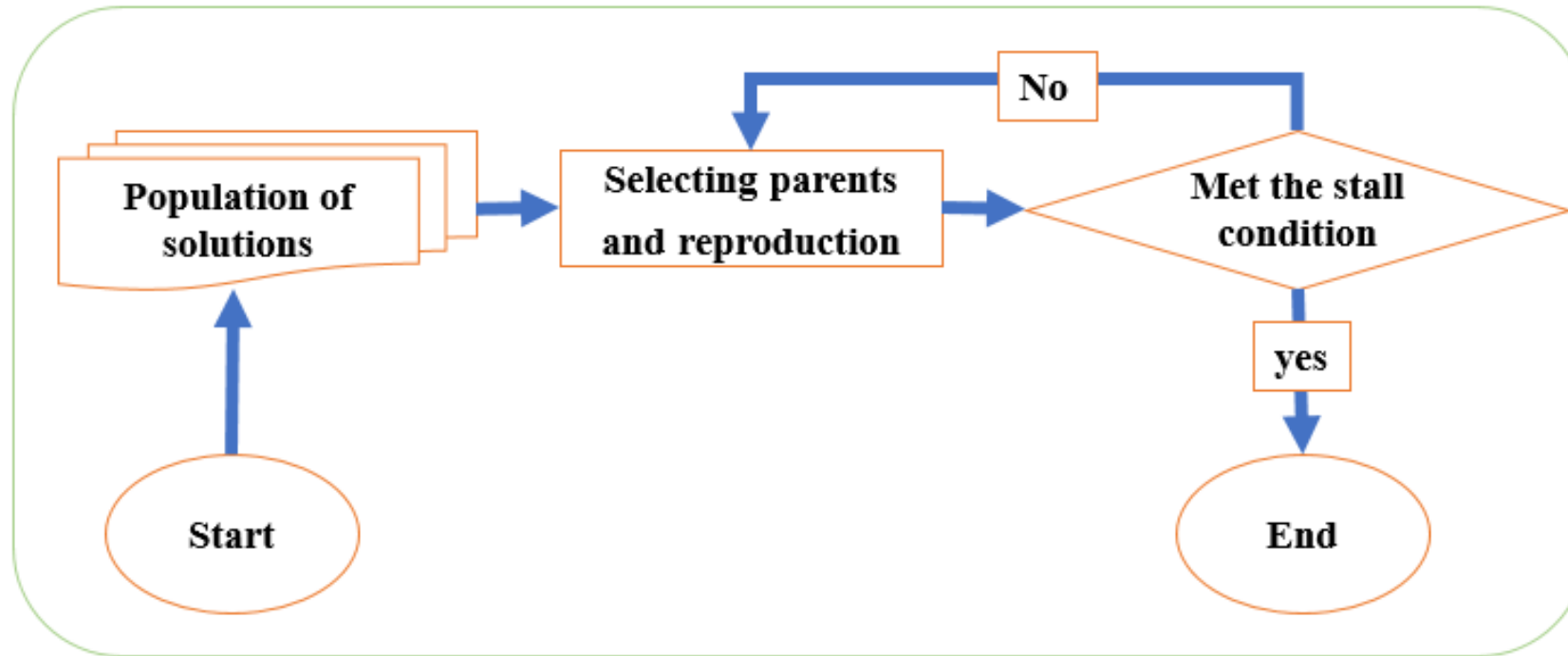
AKA: **Curse of Dimensionality (CoD) : too much information!**

	Dimension			
SRMQ1	12,753	<a href="#">SRMQ1.m</a>	Spatial	[10]
SPAM	686	<a href="#">spam686.m</a>	Spatial	[6]
CC-PEV	548	<a href="#">ccpev548.m</a>	JPEG	[5,3]
J+SRM	35,263	see Notes	Both	[2]
PSRM3	12870	<a href="#">PSRM.m</a>		
(PSRM8)	-34320	<a href="#">PSRM.zip</a>	Spatial	[11]
		<a href="#">PSRM.tar</a>		
		<a href="#">PSRM.m</a>		
PSRM	12870	<a href="#">PSRM.zip</a>	Spatial	[12]
		<a href="#">PSRM.tar</a>		
CSR	1183	<a href="#">CSR.m</a>	Spatial	[13]
		<a href="#">DCTR.m</a>		
DCTR	8000	<a href="#">DCTR.zip</a>	JPEG	[14]
		<a href="#">DCTR.tar</a>		
maxSRM	34,671 (12,753)	<a href="#">maxSRMq2d2.zip</a>	Spatial	[15]
SCRMQ1, CRMQ1	12753 + 5404	<a href="#">SCRMQ1.m</a>	Spatial, color	[16]
		<a href="#">PHARM.m</a>		
PHARM	12600	<a href="#">PHARM.zip</a>	JPEG	[17]
		<a href="#">PHARM.tar</a>		
CFA-aware CRM	5514, 4146, 10323	<a href="#">SRMQ1CFA.m</a>	Spatial, color	[18]
GFR	17000	<a href="#">GFR.m</a>	JPEG	[19]
sigma-features	1980	<a href="#">sigma-spamPSRM.m</a>	spatial	[20]

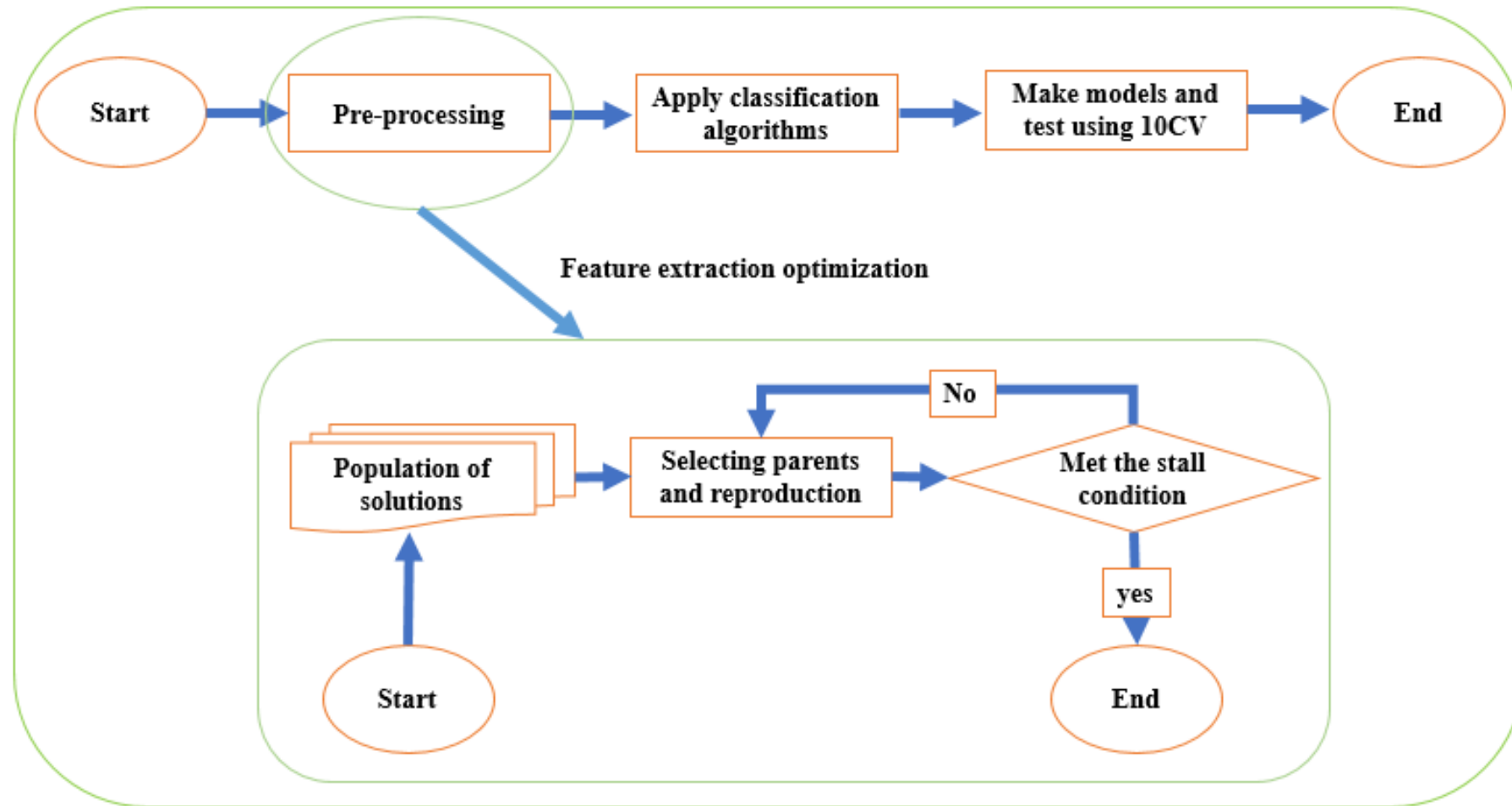
# Feature Extraction Optimization



# General procedure of Evolutionary algorithm



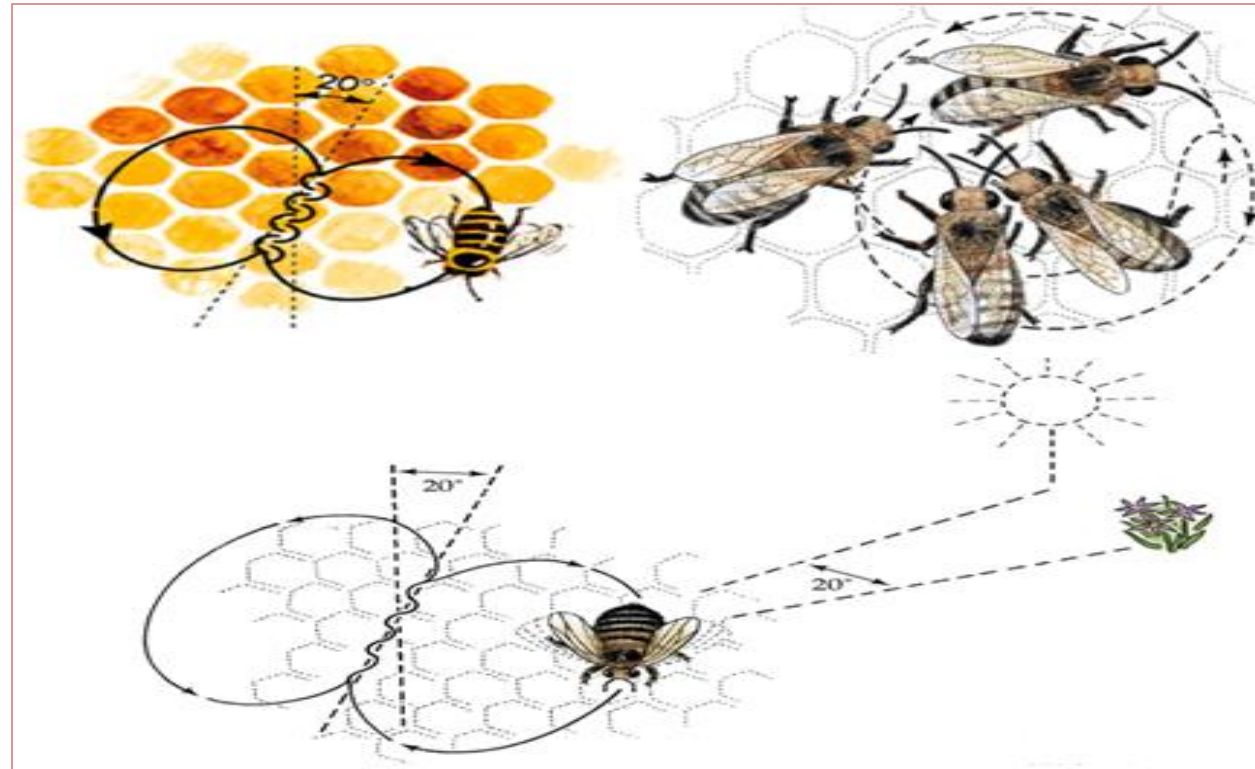
# General procedure of Evolutionary algorithm



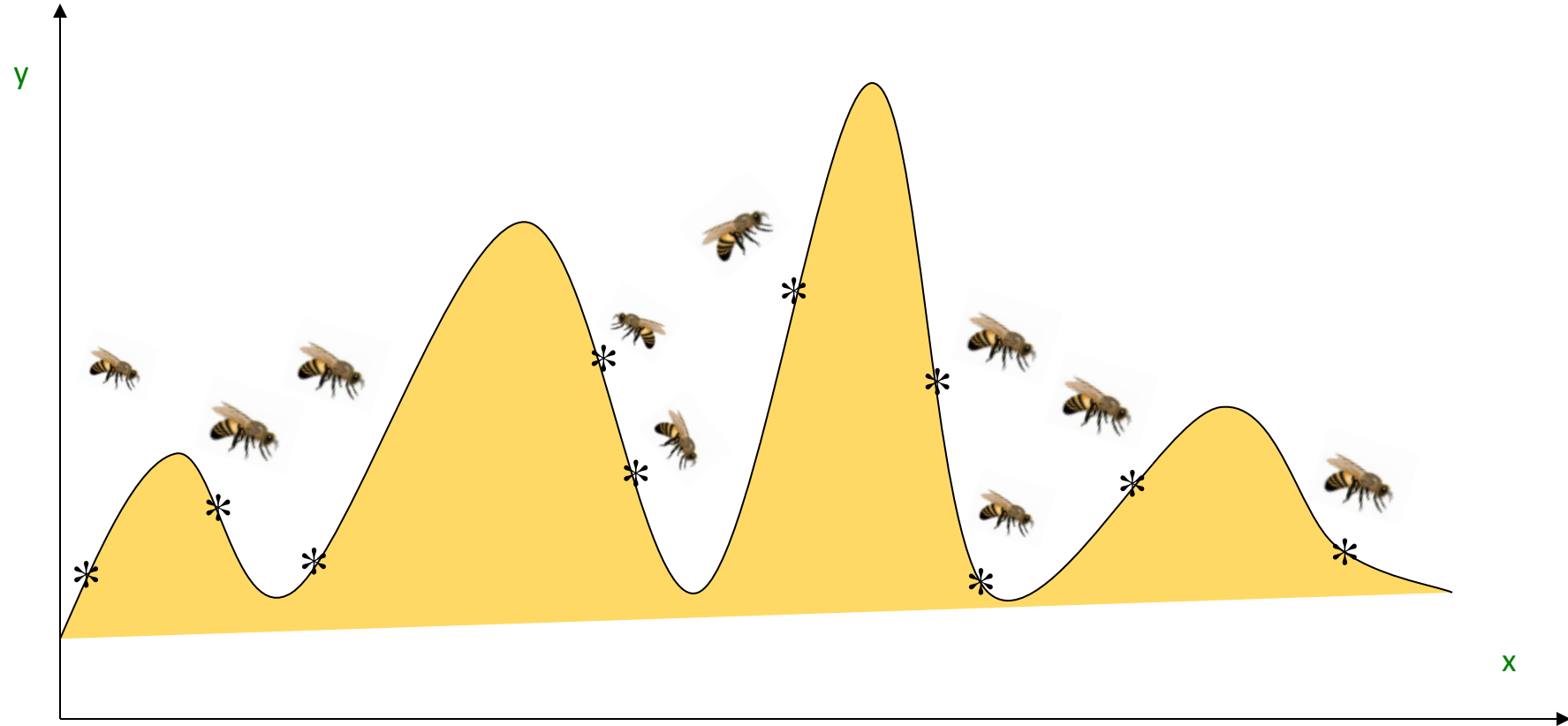
# Artificial Bee Colony

## Presented by Karaboga in 2005

- Continues problems
- Exploring
- Exploiting

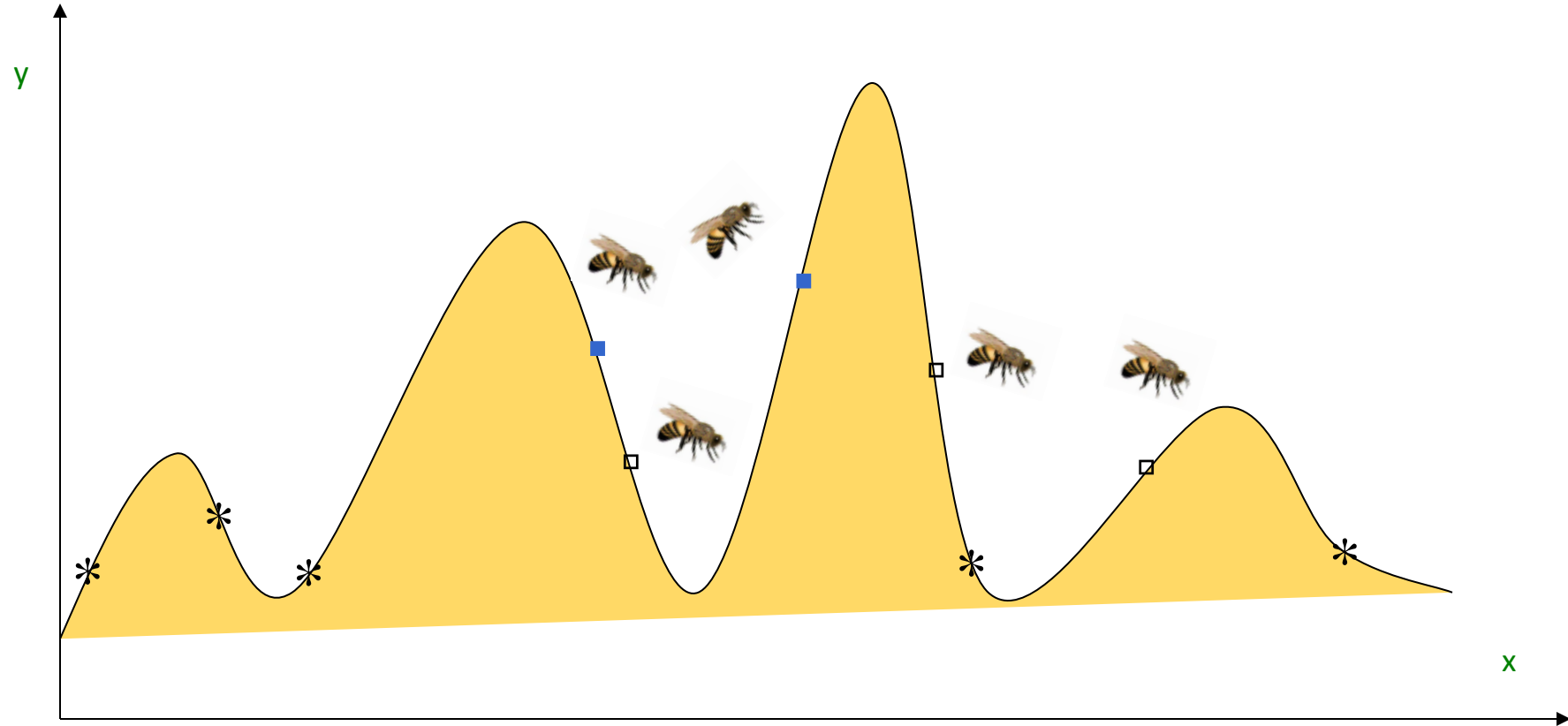


**Task: gather nectars using Employed bee #=10**

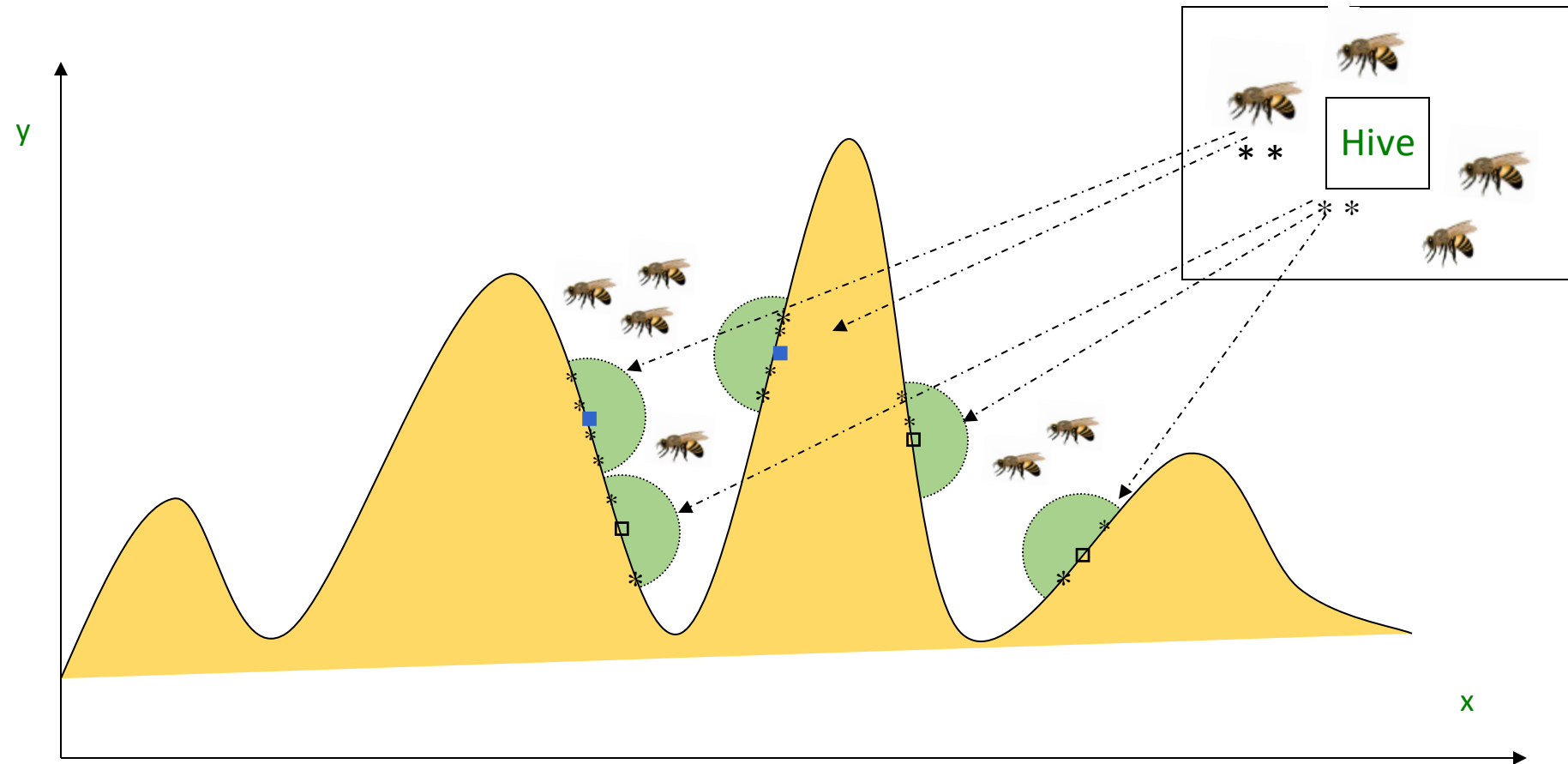




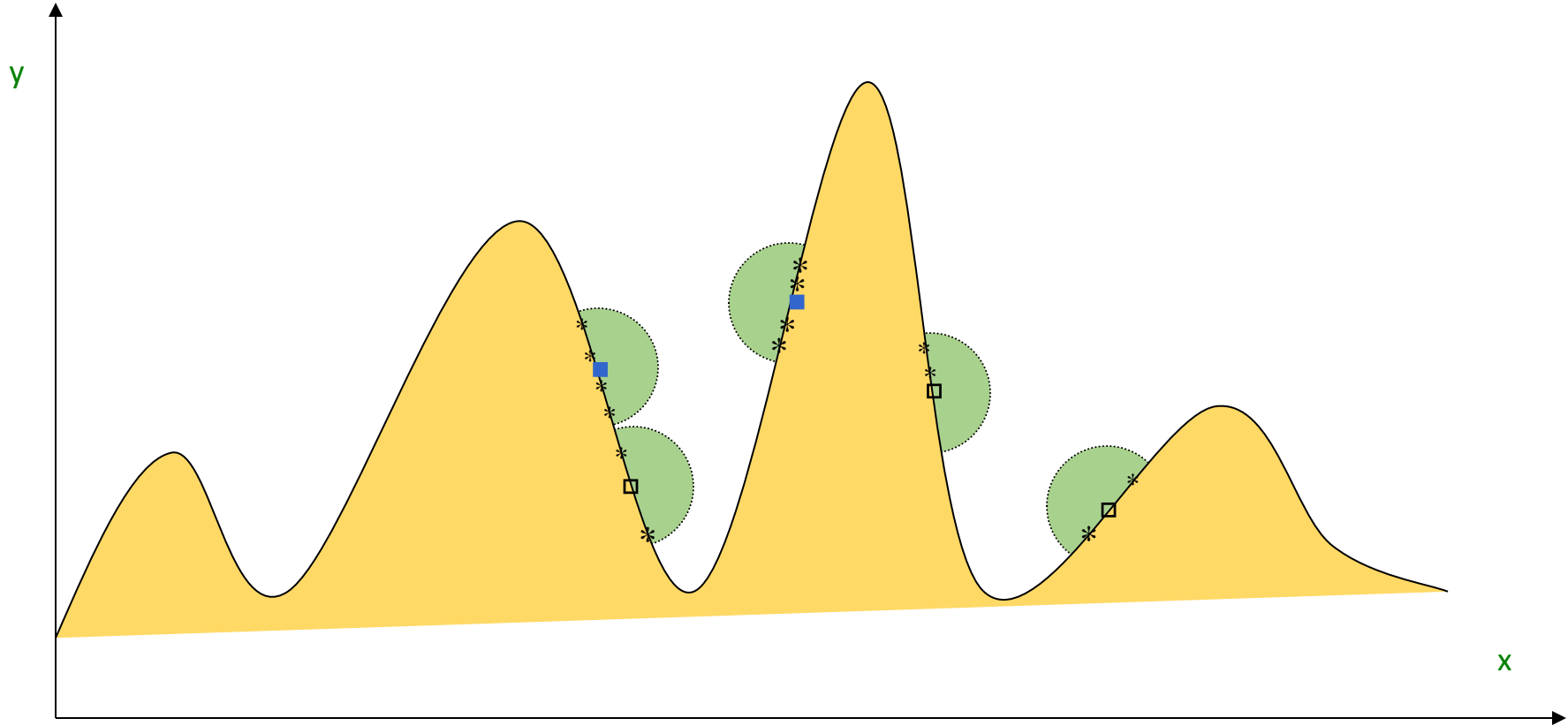
## 5 best places have been chosen by onlooker



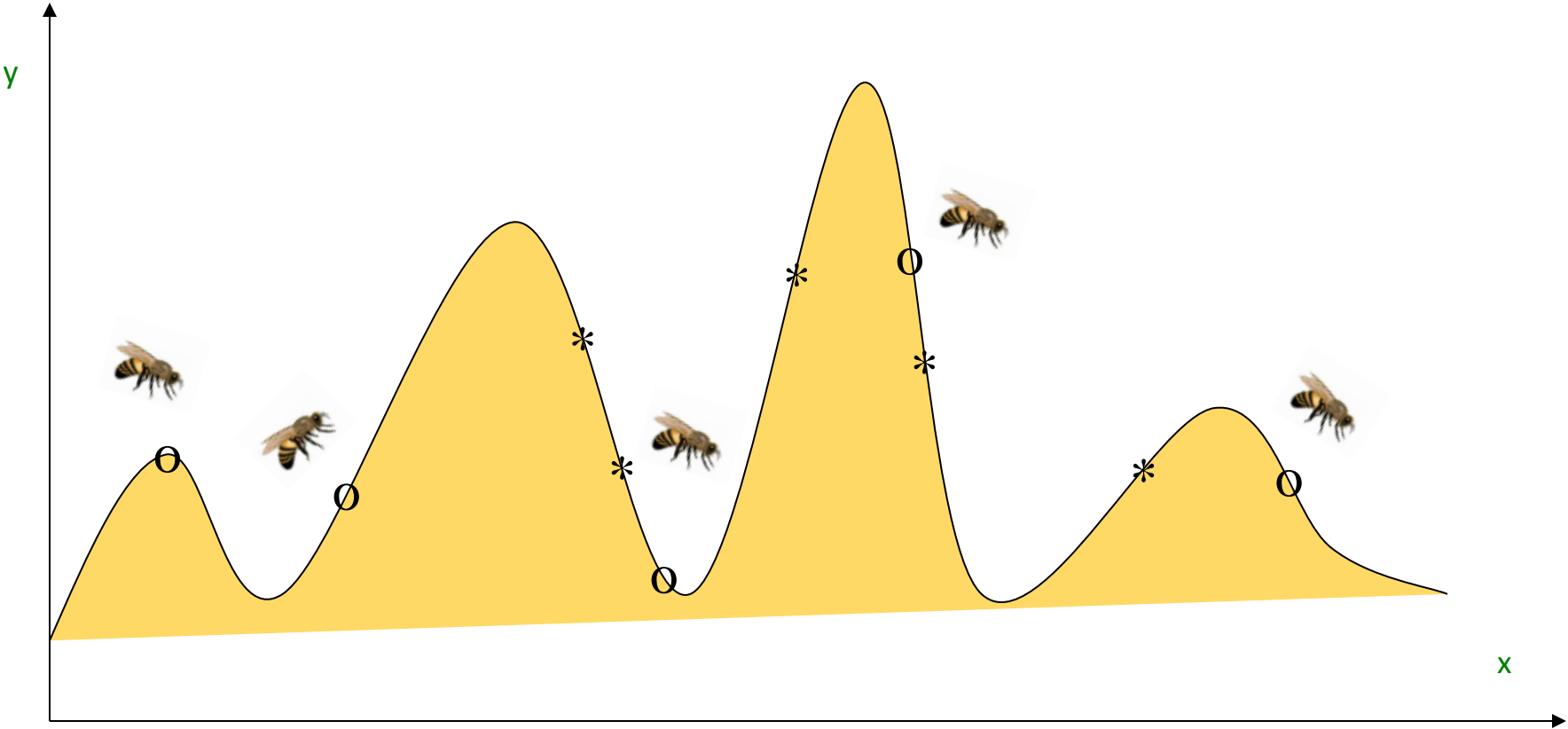
## Sending onlooker bees to be at the best places



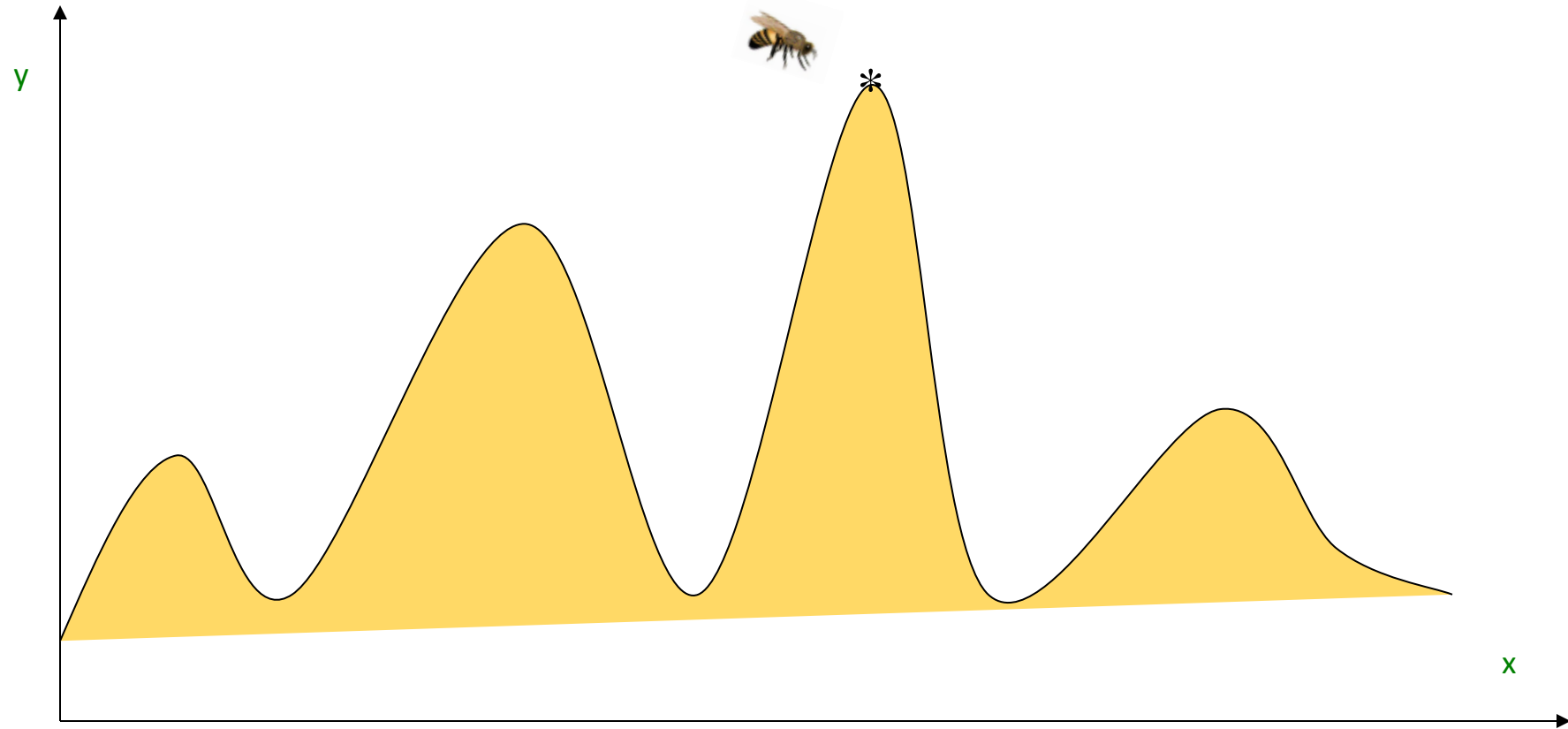
# Exploiting the best point in the environment



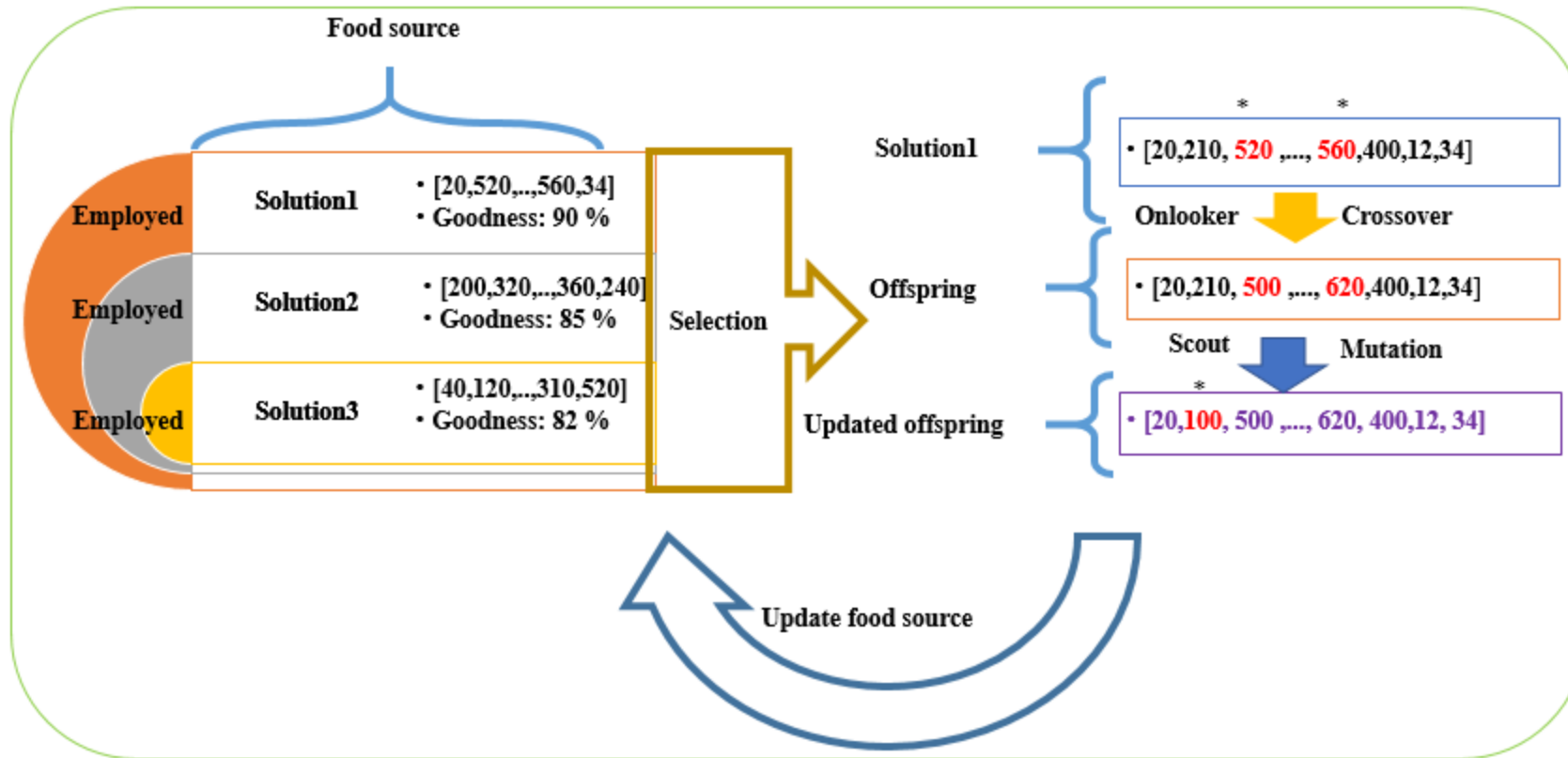
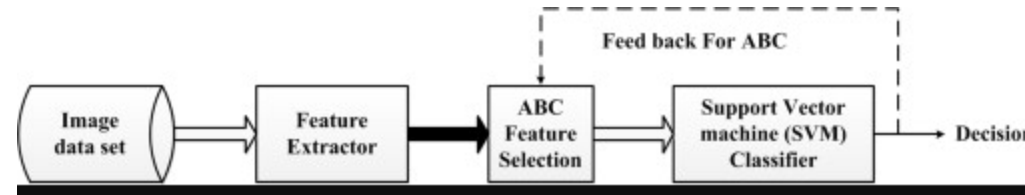
# Choosing scout bee one at a time to explore



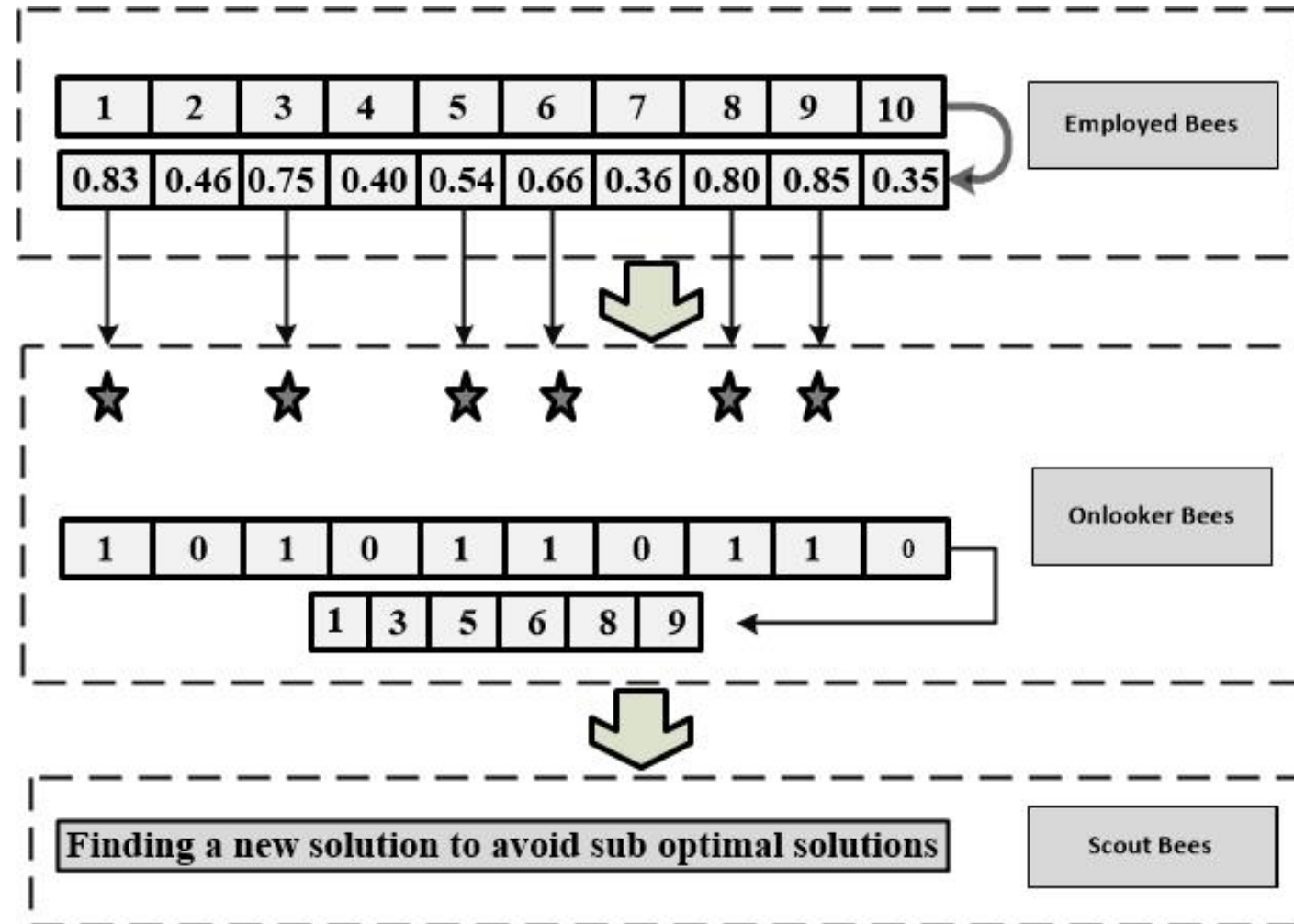
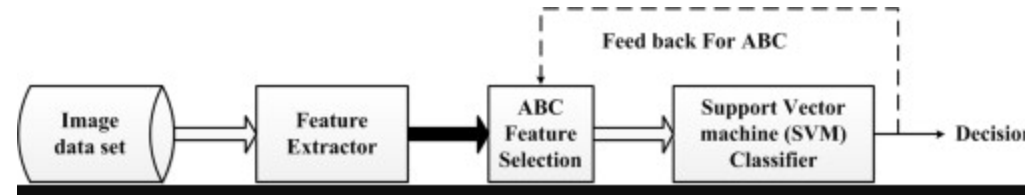
Goal is finding the global maximum



# IFAB



# IFAB



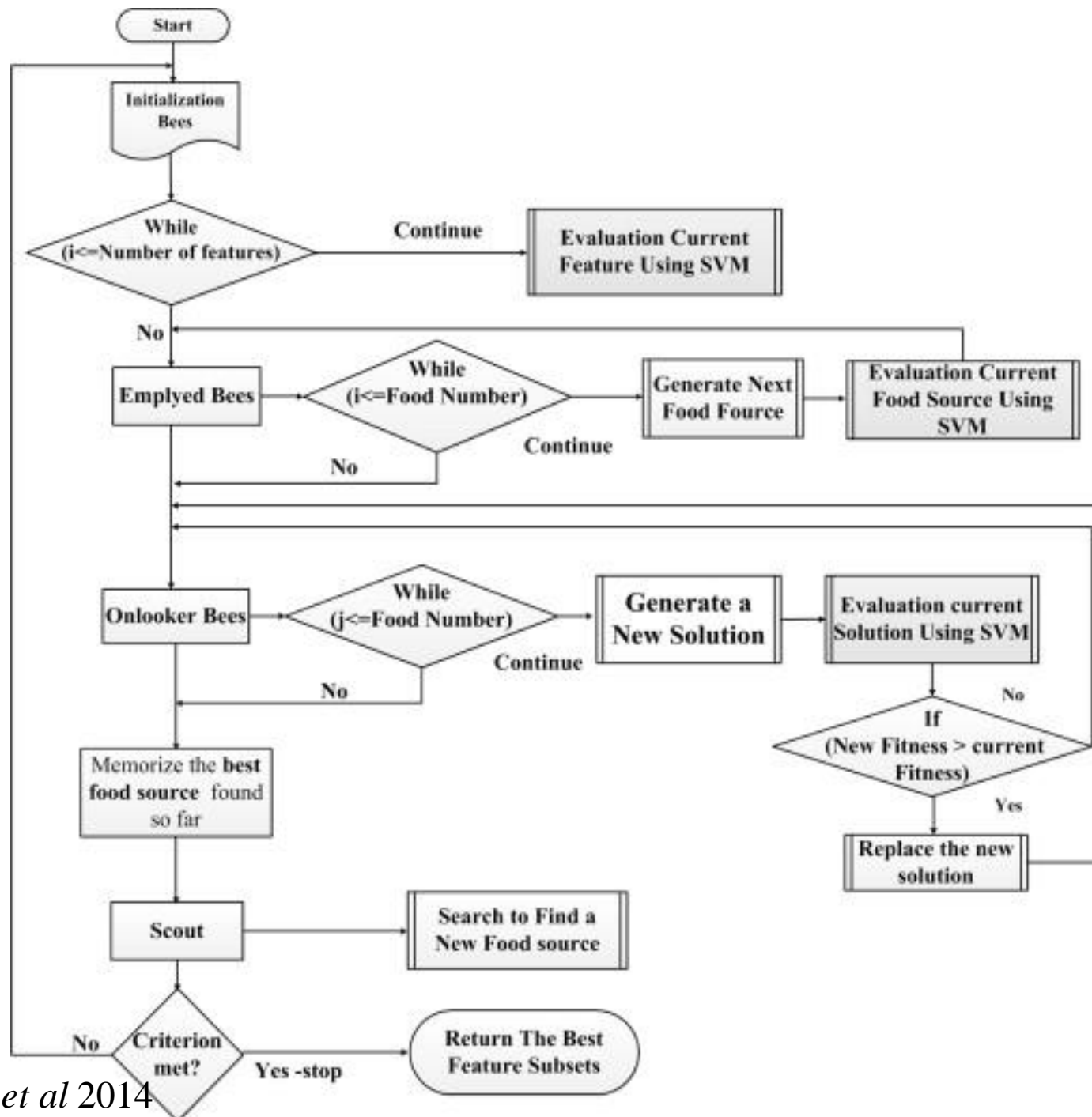


# IFAB-parameters

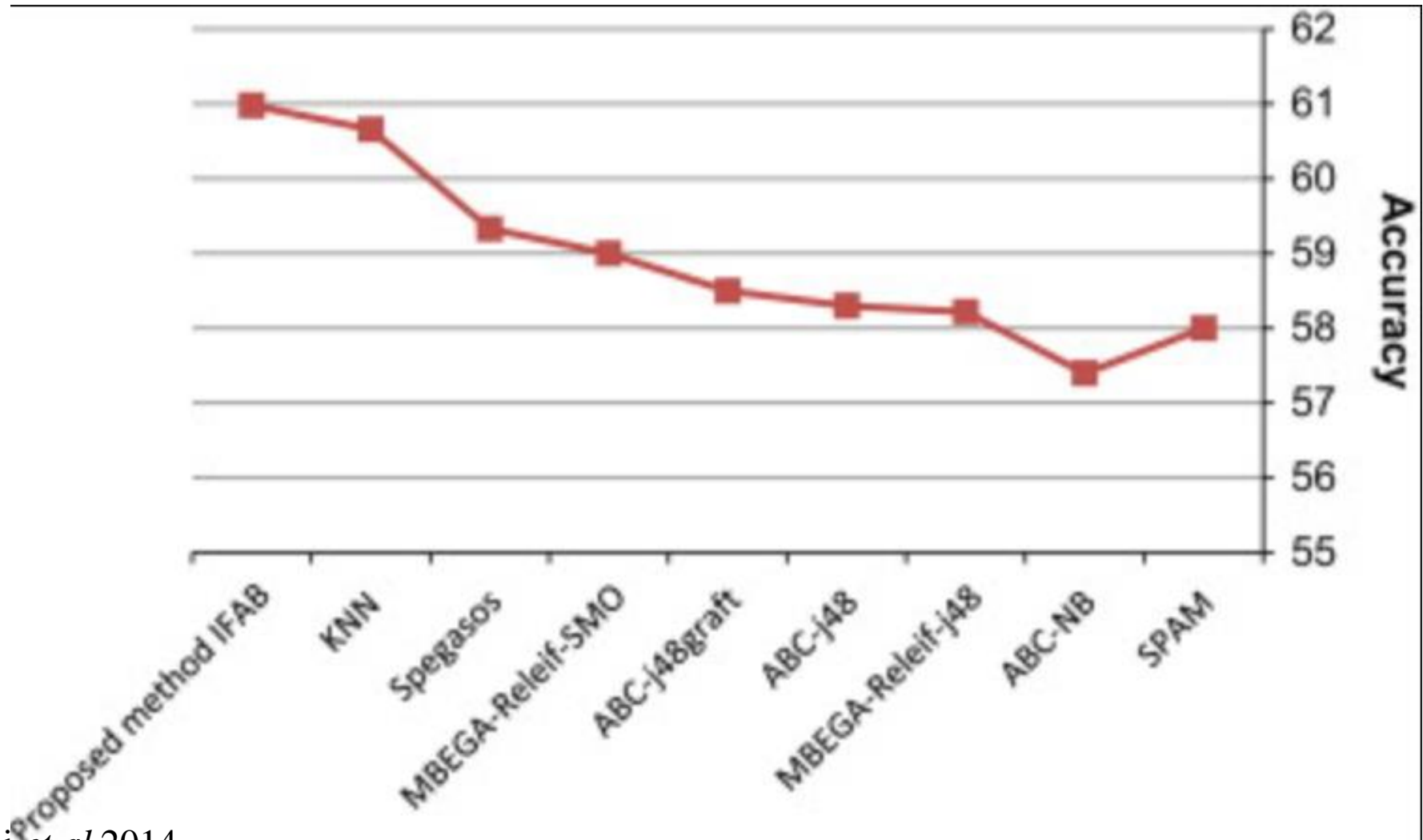
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Value</b>
Population size	2* Number of feature in data set(SPAM=686)
Food source	Number of feature in data set(SPAM=686)
Feature Dimension (D)	80
Lower Bound	1
Upper Bound	N= Number of feature in data set
No. of runs	20
Limit	100

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Value</b>
Population size	2*548
Food source	548
Feature Dimension (D)	80
Lower Bound	1
Upper Bound	N=548
No. of runs	20
Limit	100

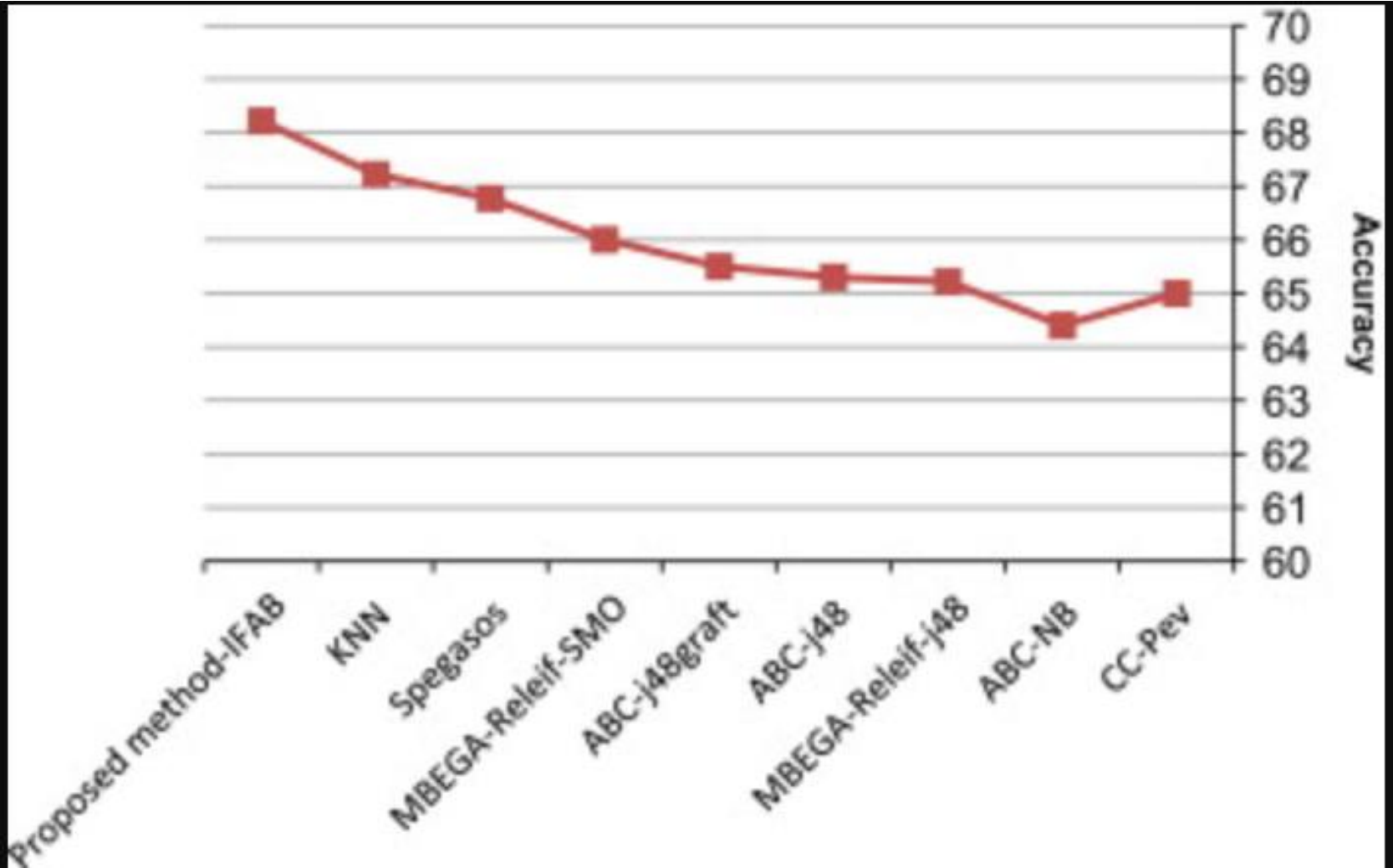
# IFAB



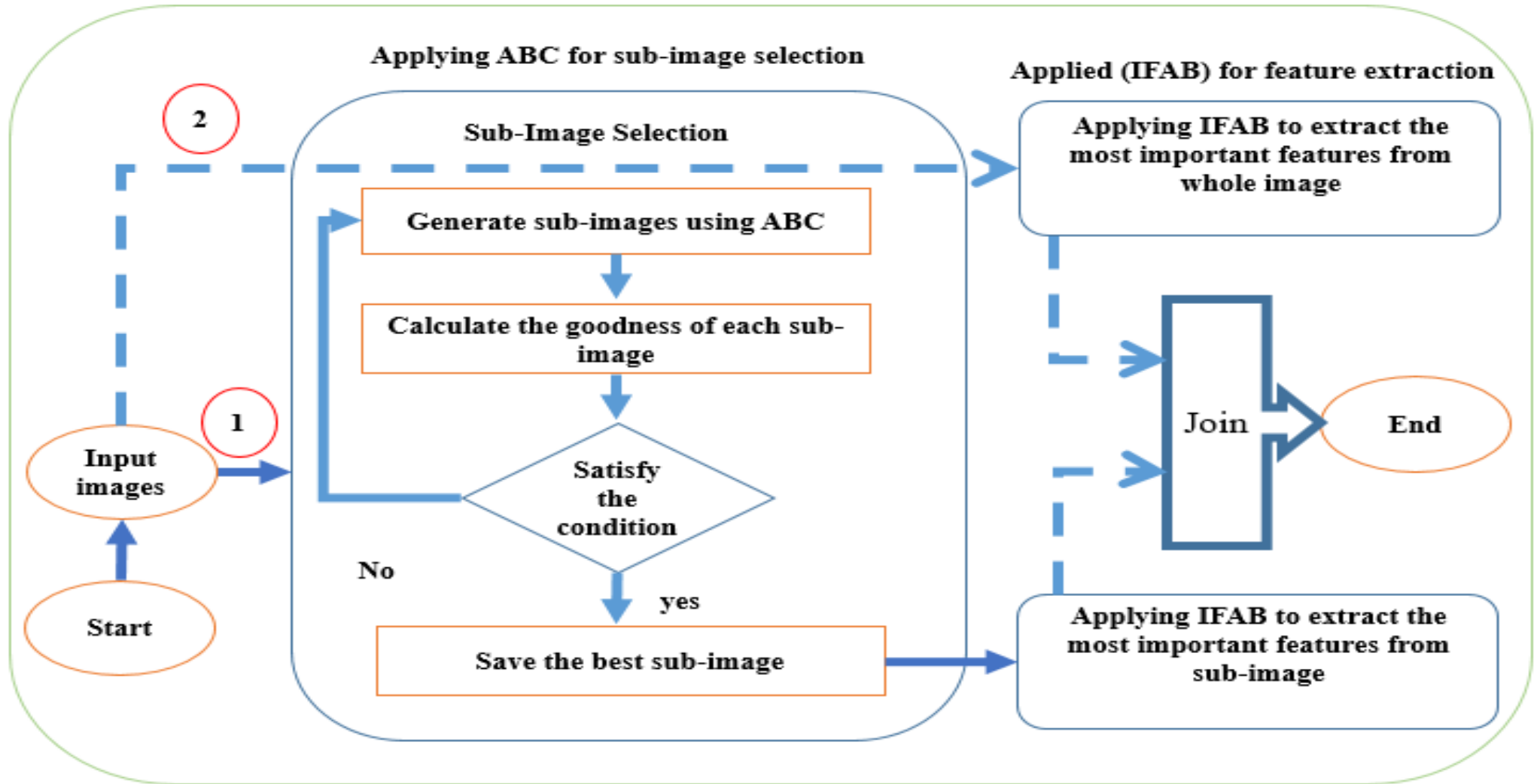
# Result-SPAM



# Result-CCPEV



# RISAB



# Risab -Parameters

## Food source

RIS = Row image size

CIS = Column image size

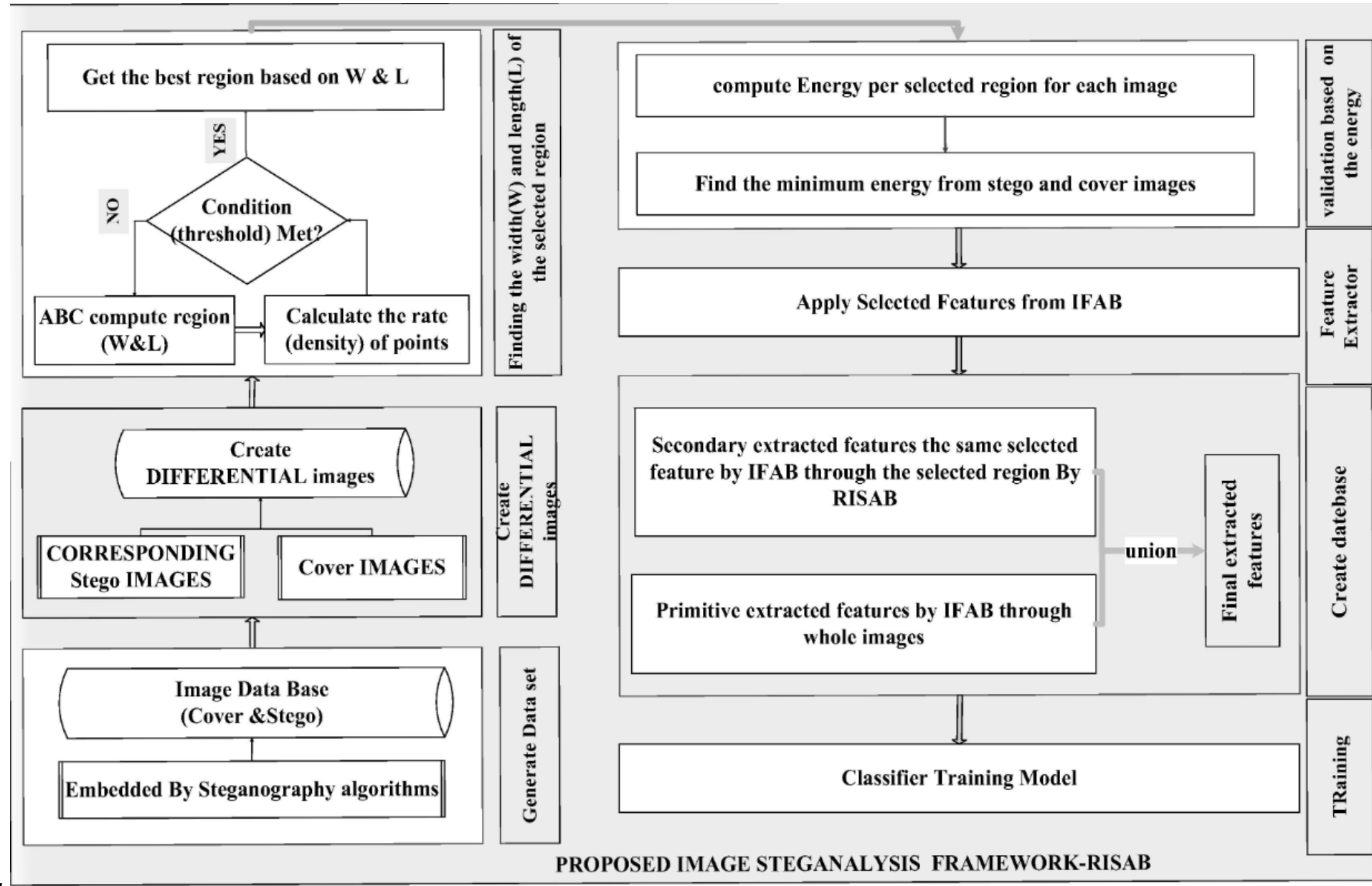
PV = Pixel Value

i	j	i'	j'
RIS-PV	CIS-PV	RIS	CIS

Parameter	Value
Population size(P)	2*512
Food source	P/2
Feature Dimension (D)	4
Lower Bound	1
Upper Bound	N=548-PV (PV=159)
No. of runs	20
Limit	100

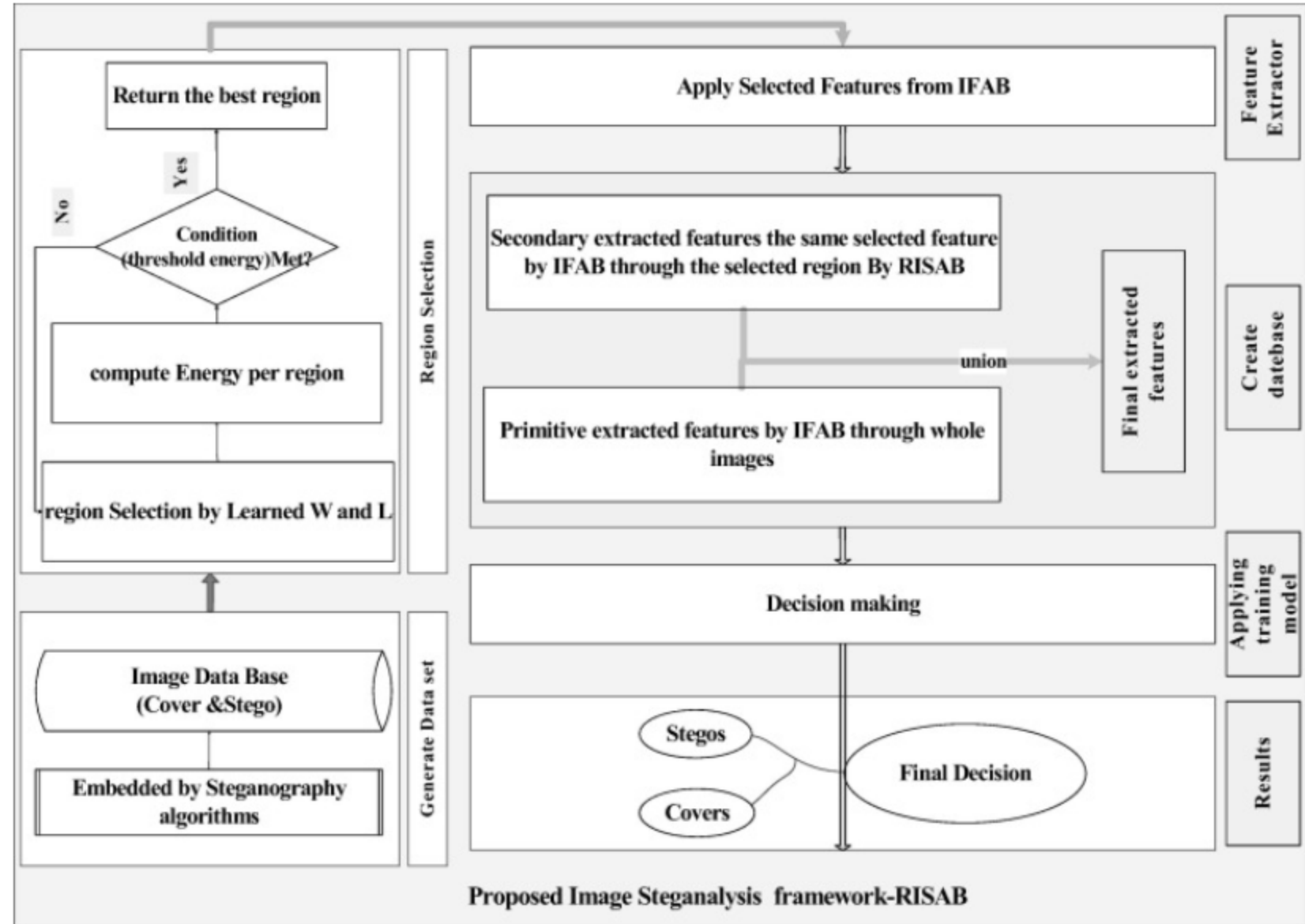
# RISAB

- Training



# RISAB

- Testing





# RISAB-example

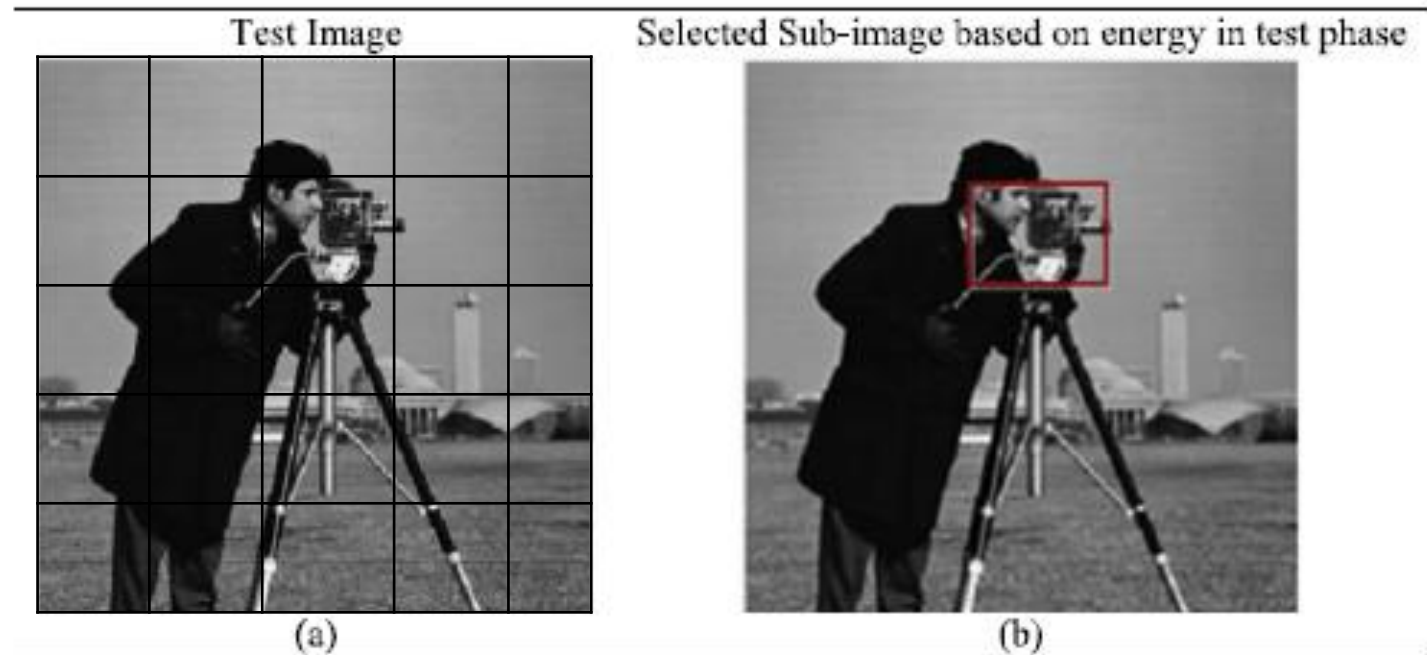
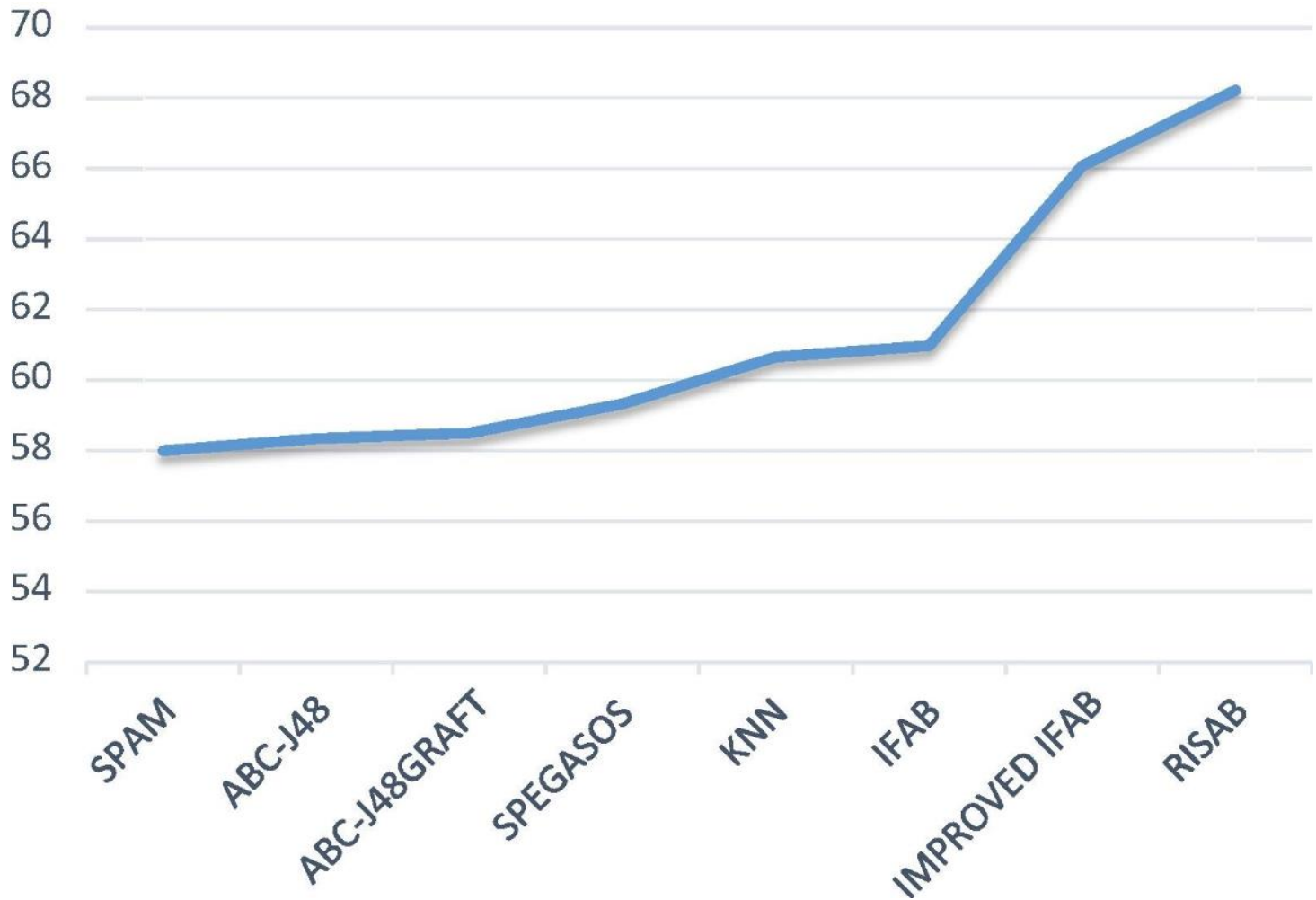
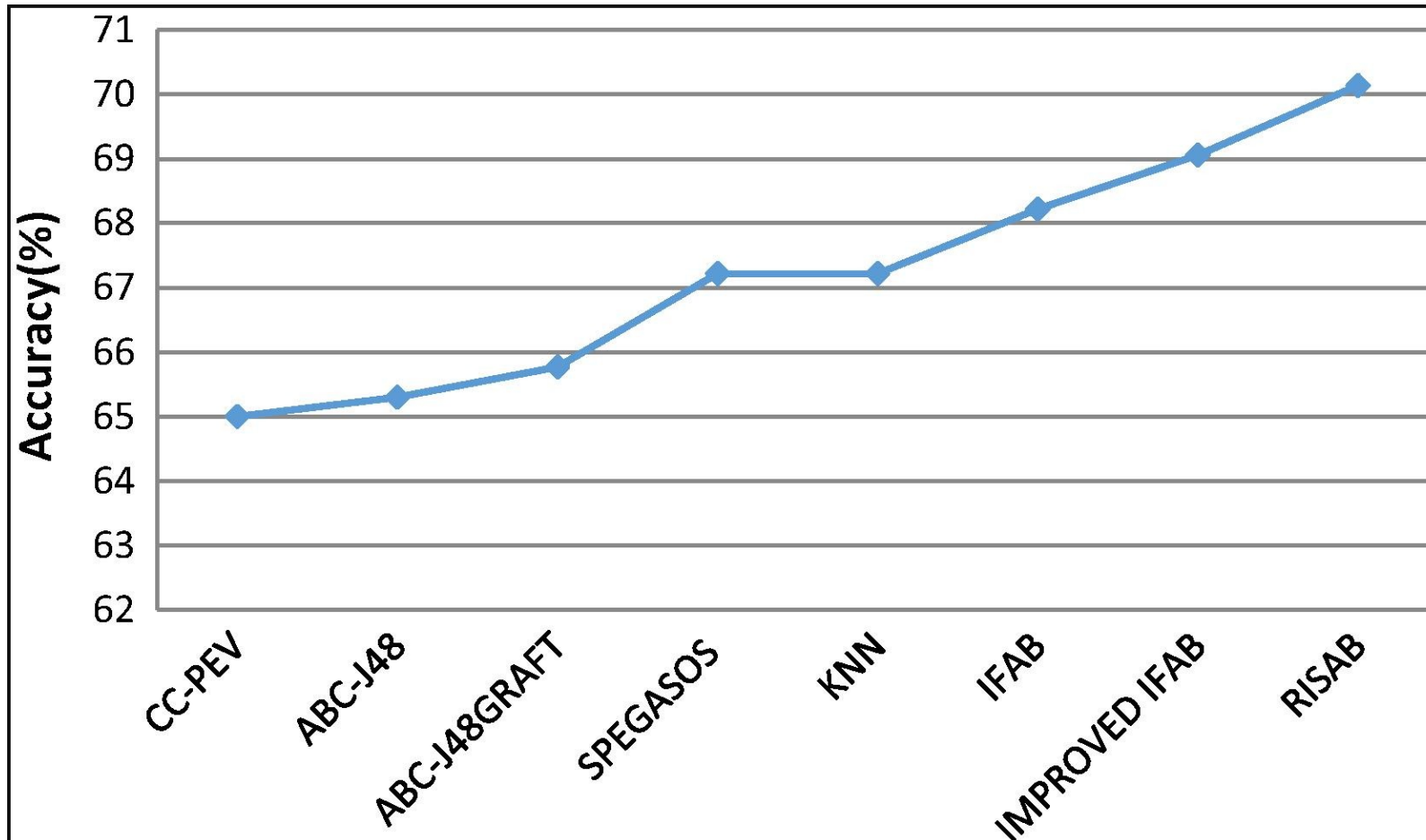


Fig. 8. A sample of (a) test image, (b) the selected sub-image shown with a red rectangle. (For interpretation of the references to color in this figure legend, the reader is referred to the web version of this article.)

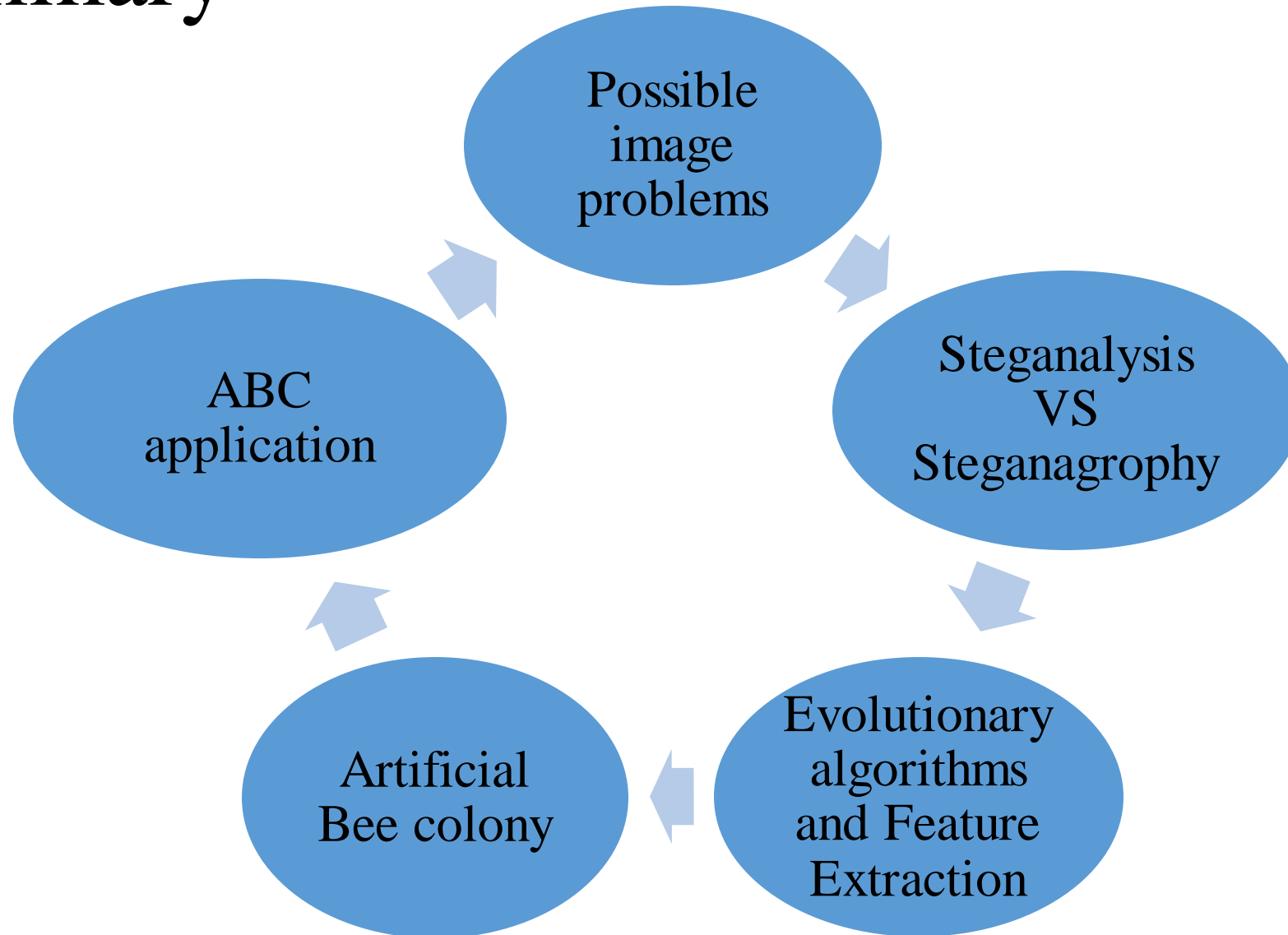
# Result-SPAM



# Result-CC-PEV



# Summary



# Thank you

## References:

- <http://ice.dlut.edu.cn/LiMing/research.html>
- <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jvcir.2016.12.003>
- <https://www.redcom.com/introduction-to-cryptography/>
- <https://www.slideshare.net/ankushkr007/digital-watermarking-15450118>
- Steganography in Digital Media, Principles, Algorithms, and Applications By Dr Jessica Fridrich
- <http://www.ws.binghamton.edu/fridrich/>
- <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0952197613001905#f0010>
- <https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1047320316302516#f0070>
- <https://arxiv.org/pdf/1908.08006.pdf>
- <https://arxiv.org/pdf/1908.08563.pdf>